

Sorbent-based final gas clean-up

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VTT – beyond the obvious

Final gas cleaning Targets

Impurities (ppm _v)	Fluidized bed gasification (steam), post-filtration+reforming		Purity requirement (FT cat.)	
	Woody- residues	Agro-residues	Leibold et al. (SASOL) ¹	Boerrigter et al. ²
H ₂ S	20 - 200	40 - 400	< 0.01	< 1
COS	2 - 20	1 - 40		
HCN	0.5 - 5	1 - 10	< 0.02	< 1
NH ₃	50 - 500	100 - 1000		
Halides	< 2	< 5	< 0.01	< 0.01
Alkalis	< 1	< 1	< 0.01	< 0.01
Tars	< 100	< 200	Below dew point	Below dew point

- Catalytic synthesis: Strict gas purity requirements

Final gas cleaning

Challenges:

- Deep removal requirement
- Multicontaminant gas composition
- Varying concentrations due to biomass heterogeneity

Conventional gas cleaning solutions:

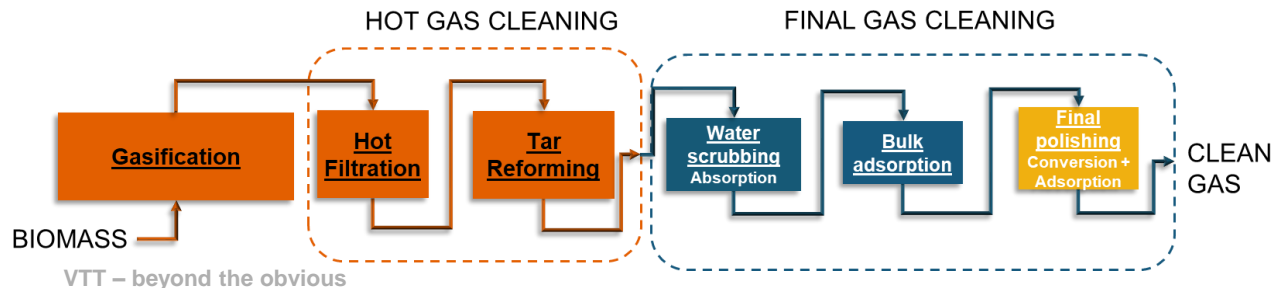
- Solvent scrubbing methods
- Rectisol/Selexol-type absorption processes don't "downscale" well
→ up to 20+ % of BtL plant total CapEx



Low-CapEx cleaning concept

- Contaminant removal by dry-bed adsorption and organic solvent-free scrubbing
- Over 20 % lower CapEx and OpEx to conventional wet-scrubbing solutions

- Tailored for biomass-specific gas impurity matrix/levels
- Raw syngas relatively "clean" due to optimized hot gas cleaning → Simpler final gas cleaning technically/economically viable
- Optional selective CO₂ removal by pressurized water scrubbing
 - 50 – 80 % CO₂ removal rate



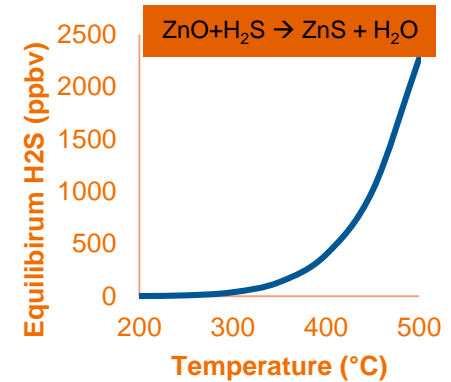
Adsorbent materials

Metal Oxides



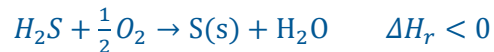
- ZnO capable of adsorbing inorganic compounds
 - Requires elevated temperatures, > 200 °C, to be effective

Oxide	Cost (\$/kg)
Fe ₂ O ₃	< 0.5
TiO ₂	1-3
ZnO	1-3
CuO	4-10
MnO	4-10
ZrO ₂	4-16
NiO	6-10
CoO	14-20
CeO	16-20
Cr ₂ O ₃	16-20
MoO ₃	16-20

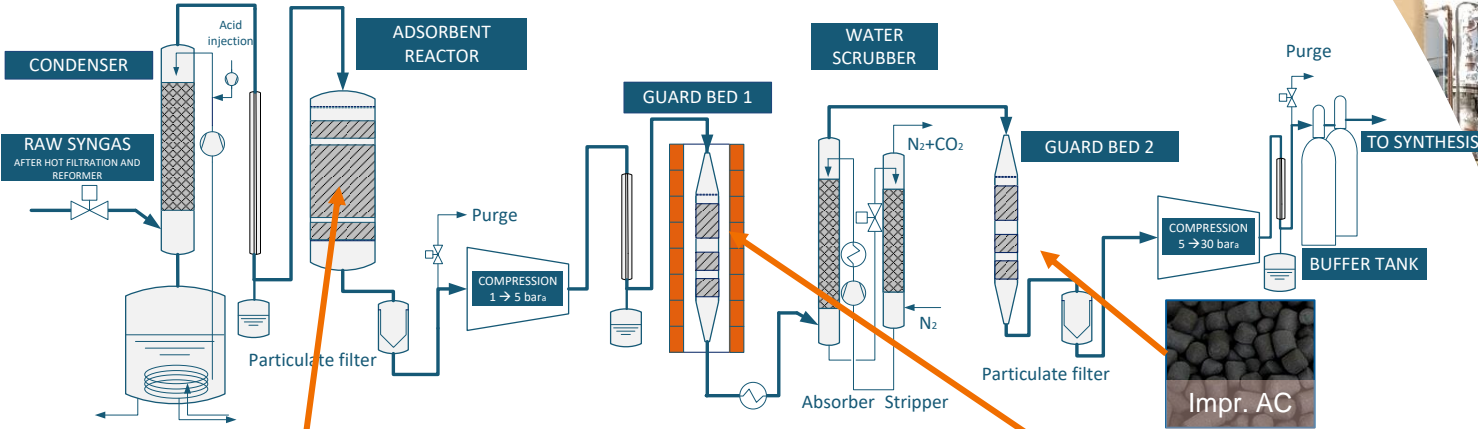


Activated carbons (AC)

- ACs can adsorb both organic and inorganic compounds
 - Active at low temperatures (< 100 °C)
 - Oxidative H₂S removal identified as particularly effective:

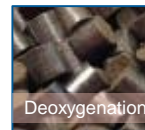
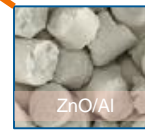


PDU-Scale Final gas cleaning



Adsorbent materials

- Hybrid of activated carbon (AC) and ZnO adsorbents
- Dual function of ZnO-based adsorbent:
 - COS hydrolysis catalyst
 - H₂S adsorption



VALIDATION TEST RUNS FOR ENTIRE PROCESS; FROM GASIFICATION TO FT SYNTHESIS



Biomass

Gasification and hot gas cleaning

Final gas cleaning & compression

Intensified FT synthesis

0.35-0.4 kg/h
Syncrude



Campaign results

- The final gas cleaning process achieved full removal of all analyzed syngas impurities in:
 - Woody-residue biomass
 - Agro-residue biomass

- Achieved syngas purity levels suitable for catalytic synthesis

- Demonstrated the feasibility of simplified final gas cleaning (when combined with optimized hot gas cleaning)

	After hot gas cleaning	After final gas cleaning	
	Avg. (ppmv)	Max. (ppmv)	Avg (ppmv)
S-Species	90 - 340	0.3	<0.1/ 0
N-Species	270 - 720	0/b.d	0/b.d
Halogens	n.a (1 - 5)	0/b.d	0/b.d
Metals	n.a	n.a	n.a
Benzene and tars (g/Nm ³)	0.2 - 0.4	0/b.d	0/b.d
Oxygen (vol %)	0	0/b.d	0/b.d

n.a not analyzed
b.d below detection limit

Conclusion

- Expensive wet-scrubbing gas cleaning technology replaced by adsorbent-based process
 - Tailored for biomass impurity profile
 - Economical at smaller scale
- Realization of process concept from idea to reality
 - Successful validation of gas cleaning process in full BtL configuration
 - Full removal of harmful species from real syngas



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